

FAMILY LAW – II (Mohd. Law and Indian Succession Law)

JUNE/JULY 2018

1. Discuss the different sources of Muslim law.
2. Define Dower. Explain kinds of Dower.
3. Examine legal effects of Muslim divorce.
4. What are the kinds of guardianship under Muslim Law?
5. What is Wakf? Explain essentials of valid Wakf.
6. Explain legal requisites for the issuance of succession certificate.
7. What is a privileged will? How can it be brought into force?
8. Write short notes on any two:
 - (a) Doctrine of 'Rudd'.
 - (b) Void Bequest.
 - (c) Pre-emption.
9. Answer any two with reasons:
 - (a) A Sunni Muslim dies leaving a son and a daughter. By his will, he bequeaths $\frac{3}{4}$ of his estate to the son and $\frac{1}{4}$ to his daughter. The daughter does not consent to the disposition. Decide.
 - (b) R, a Muslim has two sons, S and T. S dies in the life-time of R leaving a son D. Then R dies leaving T and D. How can R's property be distributed? Decide.
 - (c) 'N', a Hanafi Muslim repudiates his wife by pronouncing Talaq thrice in the same breath. The parties afterwards live together and get 5 children. 'N' acknowledges them as his

legitimate children. What are the rights of children in 'N's estate? Decide.

FAMILY LAW – II

(OLD/NEW)

DECEMBER 2018

1. Explain various schools and sub-schools of muslim law.
2. Define “irregular marriage”. When does a muslim marriage become irregular? Explain the formalities to be completed for their regularization.
3. Write an essay on dissolution of marriage by “judicial process” under muslim law.
4. Who are the legal guardians of a muslim minor for his property? What are their powers and duties?
5. What is pre-emption? Who can claim it? Explain the formalities to be observed for the assertion of the right of pre-emption.
6. What is Domicile? Explain the important provisions of Indian Succession Act relating to domicile.
7. Who is an Administrator? What are his powers and duties?
8. Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (a) Doctrine of “Aul”
 - (b) Nullity of marriage under Indian Divorce Act.
 - (c) Jurisdiction of family courts.
9. Solve any two problems: