

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW
NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2020
(OLD & NEW)

Instructions: 1. Answer Question No. 11 and any five of the remaining questions.

2. Q. No. 11 carries 20 marks and the remaining questions carry 16 marks each.

3. Answer should be written either in English or Kannada completely.

1. Uncontrolled growth of population and economic development are the two main causes of environmental pollution. Substantiate.
2. Explain the remedies provided under criminal law to control environmental pollution.
3. Explain the framework of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974. Discuss the identified sources of water pollution.
4. What measures have been taken to protect our wildlife under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972? How far are these measures effective?
5. Write a note on Earth Summit 1992.
6. Explain with decided cases the concept of sustainable development.
7. Briefly explain the common law concepts to check environmental pollution.
8. Discuss the rule of 'Absolute liability' with the help of decided cases.
9. Right to 'wholesome environment is an integral Part of Article 21 of Indian Constitution'/ Describe.
10. Write short notes on any two of the following:
 - (a) Ecosystem service.
 - (b) Offences by Government Departments.
 - (c) Transboundary pollution.
11. Solve any two of the following:
 - (a) A built a brick grinding machine close to a doctor's clinic. The machine generated a lot of noise and dust which polluted the entire area and the doctor's practice suffered seriously as patients stopped visiting him. Advise the doctor.
 - (b) A baking unit belonging to John had a chimney with some holes facing Shyam's property. Shyam went to court asking for a permanent prohibitory injunction stating that in future the smoke and smell would cause him a lot of nuisance. Can he get the injunction?
 - (c) X is in possession of snake and crocodile skins which he wants to export. He does not have a valid licence to possess and sell them. Under which provisions of law is he guilty? Decide.